

# **Optocoupler with Phototriac Output**

### Description

The K3010P(G) series consists of a phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode in a 6-lead plastic dual inline package.

The elements are mounted on one leadframe using a coplanar technique, providing a fixed distance between input and output for highest safety requirements.





### Applications

Circuits for safe protective separation against electrical shock according to safety class II (reinforced isolation):

- For application class I IV at mains voltage  $\leq 300$  V
- For application class I III at mains voltage ≤ 600 V according to VDE 0884, table 2, suitable for:

Monitors, air conditioners, line switches, solid state relays, microwaves.

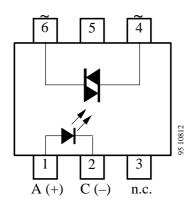
These couplers perform safety functions according to the the following equipment standards:

- **VDE 0884** Optocoupler providing protective separation
- VDE 0804 Telecommunication apparatus and data processing
- VDE 0805/IEC 950/EN 60950
  Office machines (applied for reinforced isolation for mains voltage ≤ 400 V<sub>RMS</sub>)
- VDE 0860/IEC 64 Safety for mains operated electronic and related household apparatus





# **Pin Connection**



Note: Pin 5 must not be connected



#### Features

According to VDE 0884

- Rated impulse voltage (transient overvoltage) V<sub>IOTM</sub> = 6 kV peak
- Isolation test voltage (partial discharge test voltage) V<sub>pd</sub> = 1.6 kV
- Rated isolation voltage (RMS includes DC) V<sub>IOWM</sub> = 600 V<sub>RMS</sub> (848 V peak)
- Rated recurring peak voltage (repetitive) V<sub>IORM</sub> = 600 V<sub>RMS</sub>
- Isolation materials according to UL 94-VO
- Thickness through insulation  $\ge 0.75$  mm

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

#### **Input (Emitter)**

- Further approvals: BS EN 60065 (BS 415), BS EN 60950 (BS 7002), BS EN 41003, UL 1577, File No. E 76222
- Creepage current resistance according to VDE 0303/IEC 112 Comparative Tracking Index: CTI = 275
- Pollution degree 2 (DIN/VDE 0110 resp. IEC 664)
- Climatic classification 55/100/21 (IEC 68 part 1)
- Special construction: Therefore extra low coupling capacity of typical 0.2 pF, high Common Mode Rejection
- I<sub>FT</sub> offered in 3 groups

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Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage			VR	5	V
Forward current			IF	80	mA
Forward surge current	$t_p \le 10 \ \mu s$		I <sub>FSM</sub>	3	А
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25^{\circ}C$		Pv	100	mW
Junction temperature			Tj	100	°C

#### **Output (Detector)**

Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Value	Unit
Off state output terminal voltage		K3010P(G) K3011P(G) K3012P(G)	V <sub>DRM</sub>	250	V
On state RMS current			I <sub>TRMS</sub>	100	mA
Peak surge current, non-repetitive	$t_p \le 10 \text{ ms}$		I <sub>TMS</sub>	1.5	А
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25^{\circ}C$		Pv	300	mW
Junction temperature			Tj	100	°C

#### Coupler

Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Value	Unit
Isolation test voltage (RMS)			V <sub>IO</sub> <sup>1)</sup>	3.75	kV
Total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25^{\circ}C$		P <sub>tot</sub>	350	mW
Ambient temperature range			T <sub>amb</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature range			T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +100	°C
Soldering temperature	2 mm from case, t $\leq$ 10 s		T <sub>sd</sub>	260	°C

1) Related to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014

# Maximum Safety Ratings <sup>2)</sup> (according to VDE 0884)

#### **Input (Emitter)**

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward current		I <sub>si</sub>	130	mA

#### **Output (Detector)**

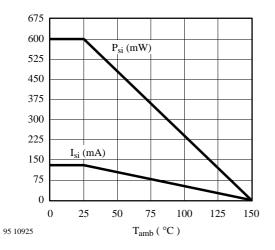
Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25^{\circ}C$	P <sub>si</sub>	600	mW

#### Coupler

Parameters	Test Conditions	Symbol	Value	Unit
Rated impulse voltage		V <sub>IOTM</sub>	6	kV
Safety temperature		T <sub>si</sub>	150	°C

<sup>2)</sup> This device is used for protective separation against electrical shock only within the maximum safety ratings. This must be ensured by using protective circuits in the applications.

## **Derating Diagram**



# **Electrical Characteristics**

#### $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$

#### **Input (Emitter)**

Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 50 \text{ mA}$		V <sub>F</sub>		1.25	1.6	V
Breakdown voltage	$I_R = 100 \ \mu A$		V <sub>(BR)</sub>	5			V
Junction capacitance	$V_{R} = 0,$ f = 1 MHz		Cj		50		pF

#### **Output (Detector)**

Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Forward peak off-state voltage (repetitive)	$I_{DRM} = 100 \text{ nA}$	K3010P(G) K3011P(G) K3012P(G)	V <sub>DRM</sub> <sup>3)</sup>	250			v
Peak on-state voltage	I <sub>TM</sub> = 100 mA		V <sub>TM</sub>		1.5	3	V
Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage, (see test circuit)	$I_{FT} = 0$ $I_{FT} = 30 \text{ mA}$		(dv/dt) <sub>cr</sub> (dv/dt) <sub>crq</sub>	0.1	10 0.2		V/µs V/µs

#### Coupler

Parameters	Test Conditions	Туре	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
AC isolation test voltage (RMS)	f = 50 Hz, t = 1 s		V <sub>IO</sub> <sup>4)</sup>	3.75			kV
Emitting diode trigger current	$\label{eq:VS} \begin{array}{l} V_S = 3 \ V, \\ R_L = 150 \ \Omega \end{array}$	K3010P(G) K3011P(G) K3012P(G)	I <sub>FT</sub>		8 5 2	15 10 5	mA mA mA
Holding current	$I_{\rm F} = 10 \text{ mA},$ $V_{\rm S} \ge 3 \text{ V}$		I <sub>H</sub>		100		μΑ

<sup>3)</sup> Test voltage must be applied within dv/dt ratings

<sup>4)</sup> Related to standard climate 23/50 DIN 50014

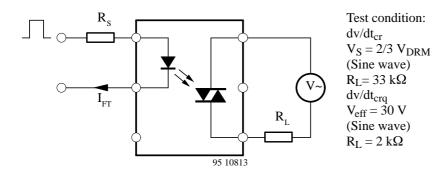
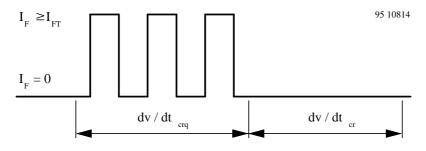


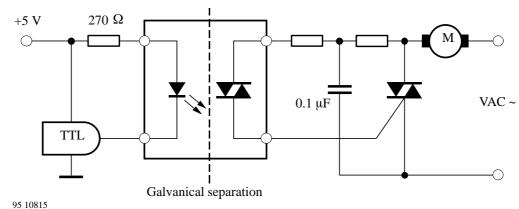
Figure 1. Test circuit for  $dv/dt_{cr}$  and  $dv/dt_{crq}$ 



dv/dt<sub>cr</sub> Highest value of the "rate of rise of off-state voltage" which does not cause any switching from the off-state to the on-state

dv/dt<sub>cr</sub> Highest value of the "rate of rise of commutating voltage" which does not switch on the device again, after the voltage has decreased to zero and the trigger current is switched from I<sub>FT</sub> to zero

Figure 2.



# Application

Figure 3. Motor control circuit





## **Insulation Rated Parameters (according to VDE 0884)**

Parameters		Test Conditions	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Partial discharge	Routine test	100%, $t_{test} = 1 s$	V <sub>pd</sub>	1.6			kV
test voltage			V <sub>IOTM</sub>	6			kV
	Lot test (sample test)	$t_{Tr} = 10 \text{ s},$ $t_{test} = 60 \text{ ssee}$ (see figure 4)	V <sub>pd</sub>	1.3			kV
		$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}$	R <sub>IO</sub>	10 <sup>12</sup>			Ω
Insulation resis-		$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V},$ $T_{amb} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}$	R <sub>IO</sub>	10 <sup>11</sup>			Ω
tance		$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V},$ $T_{amb} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ (construction test only)	R <sub>IO</sub>	10 <sup>9</sup>			Ω

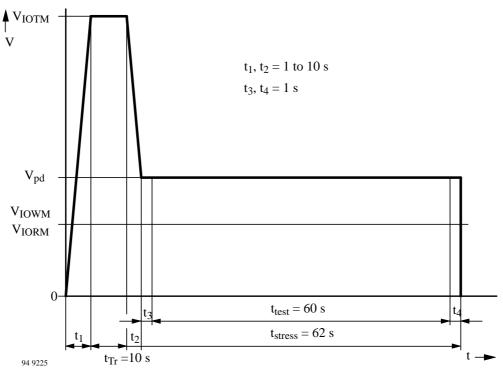


Figure 4. Test pulse for sample test according DIN VDE 0884

## **Typical Characteristics** ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified)

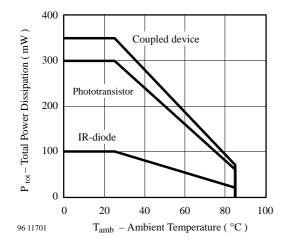


Figure 5. Total Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

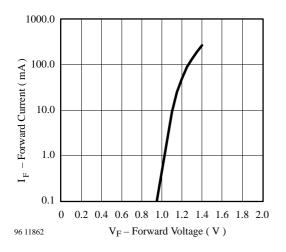


Figure 6. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

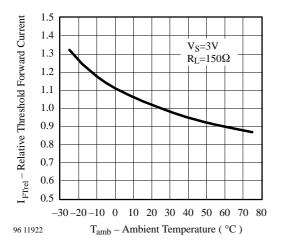


Figure 7. Rel. Thresh. Forw. Current vs. Ambient Temperature

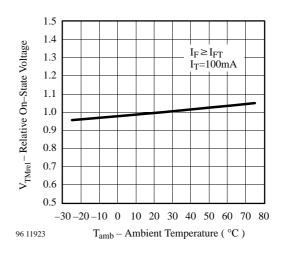


Figure 8. Rel. On-State vs. Ambient Temperature

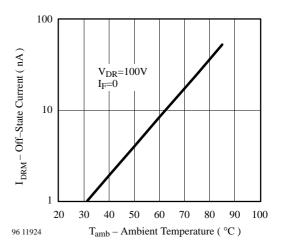


Figure 9. Off-State Current vs. Ambient Temperature

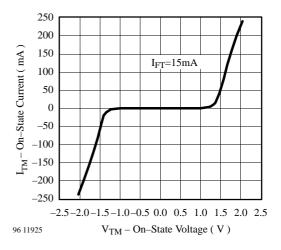
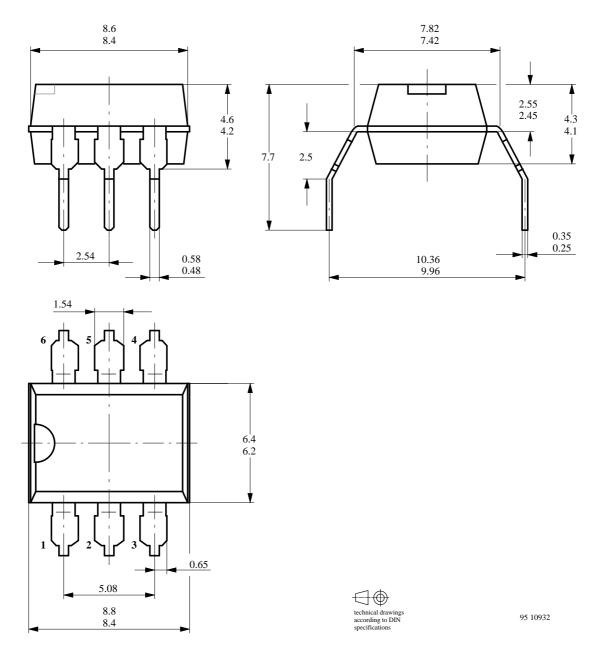


Figure 10. On-state Current vs. On-State Voltage



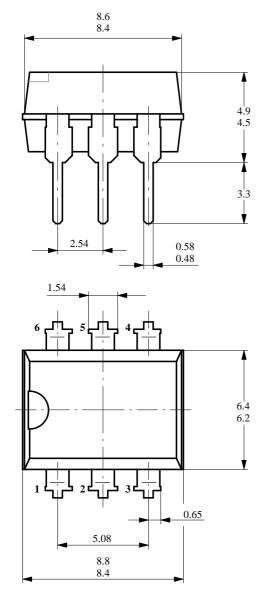
### **Dimensions in mm**

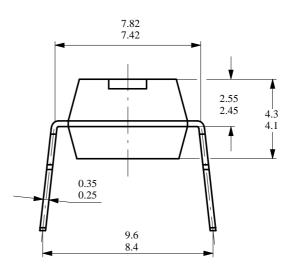
Leadform 10.16. mm (G-type)





## **Dimensions in mm**







95 10931

## **Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement**

It is the policy of **TEMIC TELEFUNKEN microelectronic GmbH** to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**TEMIC TELEFUNKEN microelectronic GmbH** semiconductor division has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**TEMIC** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

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