LA6503



CD-ROM Drive Spindle Motor Driver + Sled Motor Driver + Sled Motion/Position Detector IC

Overview

The LA6503 was developed for CAV control CD-ROM drives, and provides spindle motor driver, sled motor driver, and sled motion/position detection circuits.

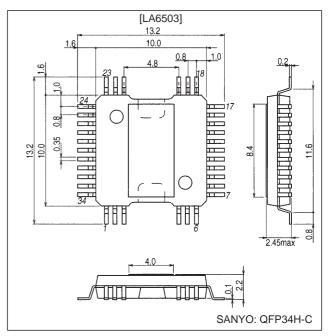
Functions and Features

- CAV control spindle motor driver
 - Three-phase brushless motor driver
 - I_Omax = 1 A
 - Built-in FG output circuit (single Hall detection output)
 - Reverse braking circuit
 - Built-in start/stop circuit
 - Upper side current detection for minimal loss in the current detection resistor. Also, the voltage drop in this resistor reduces the IC internal power dissipation.
 - Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Sled motor driver
 - One built-in BTL driver channel
 - I_Omax = 1 A
 - Wide dynamic range
 - Built-in level shifting circuit
 - Muting (output on/off) circuit
 - Built-in thermal shutdown circuit
- Sled motion/position detection circuit
 - Circuit that provides a pulse output corresponding to sled motion and position
 - This circuit emits 96 pulses for each rotation from a 24-pole magnet and 90° phase difference Hall element motors, and thus detects the distance moved. It also provides two 48-pulse outputs with differing phases such that the motion direction can be detected from the phase difference between those signals.
- Hall bias power supply
 - Generates the Hall element 3-V bias voltage.
 - $I_Omax = 30$ mA, typical

Package Dimensions

unit: mm

3219-QFP34H-C



SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Semiconductor Bussiness Headquarters TOKYO OFFICE Tokyo Bldg., 1-10, 1 Chome, Ueno, Taito-ku, TOKYO, 110-8534 JAPAN

Specifications Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{CC} max		7	V
Supply voltage	V _M max		14	V
Input voltage	V _C max		V _{CC}	V
Output current	I _O max	Spindle output, sled output	1	A
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Independent IC	0.77	W
Operating temperature	Topr		-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-55 to +150	°C

Operating Conditions at Ta = $25^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Operating supply voltage range	V _{CC}		4.6 to 6.0	V
	V _M		4.6 to 13.0	V

Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25° C, V_{CC} = 5 V, V_M = 12 V (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	
[Power Supply Current]						
Current drain 1 (V _{CC})	I _{CC} 1	START/STOP = MUTE = 5 V		10	20	mA
Current drain 2 (V _M)	I _M 1	START/STOP = MUTE = 5 V		25	50	mA
Quiescent current 1 (V _{CC})	I _{CC} 2	START/STOP = MUTE = 0 V		5	10	mA
Quiescent current 2 (V _M)	I _M 2	START/STOP = MUTE = 0 V		1	5	mA
[Spindle Motor Block]						
[Output]						
Upper side saturation voltage 1	V _{source}	I _O = -0.5 A		1.0	1.5	V
Lower side saturation voltage 1	V _{sink}	I _O = +0.5 A		0.33	0.80	V
Current limiter voltage setting	V _{CL}	R _{RE} = 0.43 Ω		0.32		V
[Hall Amplifier]						
Common-mode input voltage range	V _{HCOM}		1.2		V _{CC} – 1.0	V
Input bias current	V _{HIB}			1		μA
Minimum Hall input level	V _{HIN}		60			mVp-p
[S/S Pin]						
High-level voltage	VS/SH		2.0		V _{CC}	V
Low-level voltage	VS/SL				0.7	V
Input current	IS/SI	VS/S = 5 V			200	μA
Leakage current	IS/SL	VS/S = 0 V	-30			μA
[Control]						
VC pin input current	I _{VC}	$V_{C} = V_{CREF} = 2.5 V$		1	5	μA
VCREF pin input current	IVCREF	$V_{C} = V_{CREF} = 2.5 V$		1	5	μA
Voltage gain	G _{VCO}	$\Delta V_{RF} / \Delta V_{C}$		0.25		Times
Rising edge threshold voltage	V _{CTH}	V _{CREF} = 2.5 V	2.35		2.65	V
Rising edge threshold voltage difference	ΔV_{CTH}	V _{CREF} = 2.5 V	50		150	mV
[Hall Comparator]						
Input offset voltage	V _{HCIOFFSET}				10	mV
Input hysteresis	V _{HCIHYS}			8		mV
Output on voltage	V _{OU}				0.3	V
Output off voltage	V _{OD}	*	4.7			V
Output current (sink)	I _{sink}		3			mA

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Deremeter	Symbol Conditions	Ratings				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
[Sled Motor Block]						
Output offset voltage	VOFF	Voltage difference between outputs	-50		+50	mV
Buffer input voltage range	V _{BIN}		1.5		V _{CC} – 1.5	V
Input voltage range	V _{IN}		1.0		V _{CC} – 1.5	V
Source output voltage	V _O 1	$R_L = 8 \Omega$	9.5	10.1		V
Sink output voltage	V _O 2	$R_L = 8 \Omega$		1.8	2.4	V
Closed-circuit voltage gain	VG	Bridge Amp		12		dB
Slew rate	S _R			0.15		V/µs
Muting on voltage	V _{MUTE}	The amplifier output is on when at the high level.	0.7	1.2	2.0	V
[Hall Bias (3-V Output Power Supply)]						
Output voltage	V _{HB-OUT}	I _{OUT} = 30 mA	2.5	3.0	3.5	V
Line regulation	V _{HB-LIN}	V _{CC} = 4.6 to 6 V, I _{OUT} = 30 mA	-50		+50	mV
Load regulation	V _{HB-LOAD}	$I_{OUT} = 5$ to 30 mA, $V_{CC} = 5$ V	-200		+200	mV

Note: For items marked with an asterisk (*), the Hall comparator goes to the high level when the S/S pin is off (standby mode).

Truth Table

(Spindle Motor Block)

	Source \rightarrow Sink		Input		
	Source \rightarrow Sink	U	V	W	VC
1	$W\toV$	н	н		Н
1	$V\toW$	п		L	L
2	$W\toU$	н	L	L	Н
2	$U\toW$	п			L
3	$V\toW$	1	L	Н	Н
3	$W\toV$	L			L
4	$U\toV$	L	н	L	Н
4	$V\toU$	L			L
5	$V\toU$	н	I	н	Н
	$U\toV$	п			L
6	$U\toW$		Н	Н	Н
6	$W\toU$	L			L

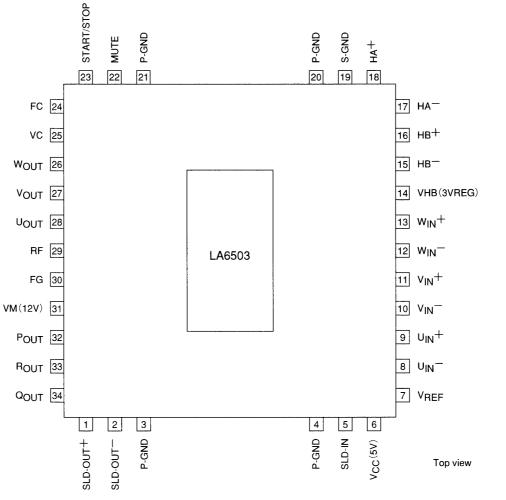
Inputs: The "H" state is when the + input of the corresponding phase is 0.2 V or more higher than the – input. The "L" state is when the + input of the corresponding phase is 0.2 V or more lower than the – input.

(Sled Motor Block)

	Input (V _{IN})	Mute	Output		
	input (v _{IN})	mute	SLD-OUT+	SLD-OUT-	
ſ	н	Н	Н	L	
		L	_	—	
I	1	Н	L	Н	
	L	L	_	—	

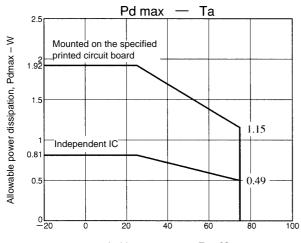
Note: "-" indicates that the amplifier output is off.

Pin Assignment

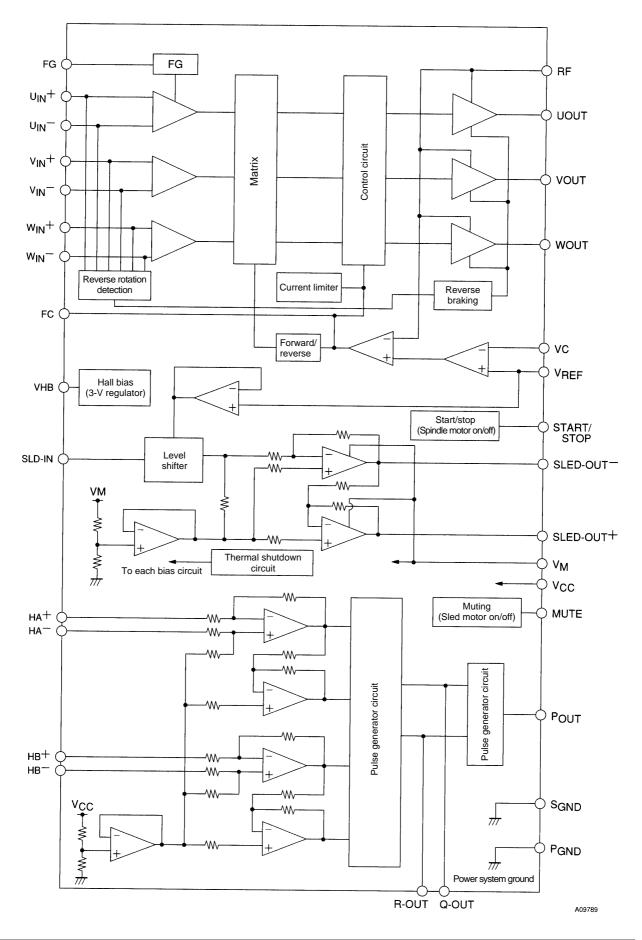


Pin Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	SLED OUT ⁺	Sled motor noninverted output
2	SLED OUT	Sled motor inverted output
3	P-GND	Power system ground
4	P-GND	Power system ground
5	SLED-IN	Sled motor signal input (The gain is set with a resistor.)
6	V _{CC} (5 V)	Signal system power supply (5 V)
7	V _{REF}	Reference voltage input
8	U _{IN} -	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (U phase -)
9	U _{IN} +	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (U phase +)
10	V _{IN} -	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (V phase –)
11	V _{IN} +	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (V phase +)
12	W _{IN} -	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (W phase –)
13	W _{IN} +	Three-phase spindle motor hall signal input pin (W phase +)
14	VHB (3Vreg)	Hall bias output pin (3-V power supply output)
15	HB ⁻	Sled motion distance detection hall element input (HB –)
16	HB^+	Sled motion distance detection hall element input (HB +)
17	HA ⁻	Sled motion distance detection hall element input (HA –)
18	HA^+	Sled motion distance detection hall element input (HA +)
19	S-GND	Signal system ground
20	P-GND	Power system ground
21	P-GND	Power system ground
22	MUTE	Sled motor output muting (output on/off control)
23	START/STOP	Spindle motor output start/stop (output on/off control)
24	FC	Phase compensation capacitor connection
25	VC	Input for the spindle control signal from the ASP
26	WOUT	Three-phase spindle motor output (W phase output)
27	VOUT	Three-phase spindle motor output (V phase output)
28	UOUT	Three-phase spindle motor output (U phase output)
29	RF	Output current detection
30	FG	FG signal output
31	V _M (12 V)	Motor power supply (12 V)
32	POUT	Sled motion position detection pulse output P (96 pulses)
33	ROUT	Sled motion position detection pulse output R (48 pulses)
34	QOUT	Sled motion position detection pulse output Q (48 pulses)



Block Diagram



Notes on Gain Adjustment (Sled Motor Block)

· Gain setting

The sled motor block gain is set using an external resistor as shown below.

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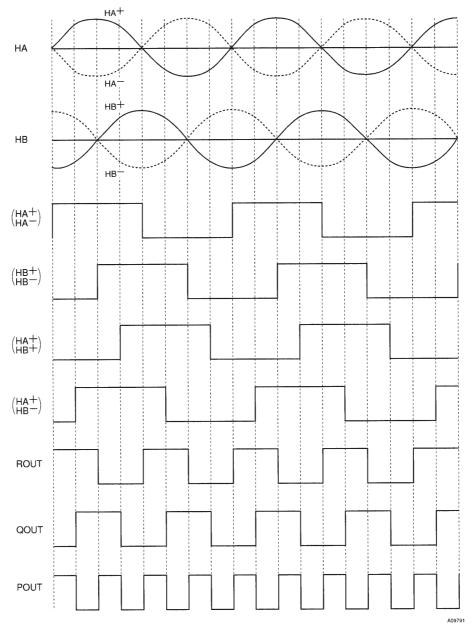
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For example, when the external resistor R is 22 k Ω , the gain will be 0 dB when seen as an independent output amplifier and 6 dB when seen as a BTL circuit (between outputs). Referenced to this 22-k Ω resistor, the independent output amplifier gain will be 22k/R (as a multiple) or 20 log(22k/R) dB. Similarly, the BTL gain will be 2×22k/R (as a multiple) or 20 log(22k/R) dB + 3 dB. The level shifting circuits used in current models perform both current and voltage conversion, and thus have a different input type from normal operational amplifiers. The current that flows in the external resistor, that is, the potential difference, becomes the input to AMP1 and AMP2.

• Output offset voltage

The output offset voltage is $1/2 V_M$ (typical). The V_O^- and V_O^+ outputs are converted to outputs that are centered on this voltage.

Sled Position Detection Pulse Waveforms



Note: When the sled motor rotation direction changes (that is, when the HA and HB phase relationship changes), the R-OUT and Q-OUT phase relationship changes and the direction can be detected from that phase. The motion distance and position are detected from P-OUT.

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