

April 1995

75A, 1200V Hyperfast Diode

Features

- Hyperfast with Soft Recovery <85ns
- Operating Temperature +175°C
- Reverse Voltage 1200V
- Avalanche Energy Rated
- Planar Construction

Applications

- Switching Power Supplies
- Power Switching Circuits
- General Purpose

Description

The RHRG75120 (TA49042) is a hyperfast diode with soft recovery characteristics ($t_{RR} < 85\text{ns}$). It has half the recovery time of ultrafast diodes and is silicon nitride passivated ion-implanted epitaxial planar construction.

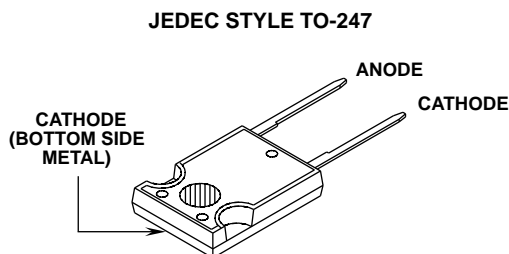
This device is intended for use as a freewheeling/clamping diode and rectifier in a variety of high frequency switching power supplies and other power switching applications. Its low stored charge and hyperfast soft recovery characteristic minimize ringing and electrical noise in many power switching circuits reducing power loss in the switching transistors.

PACKAGING AVAILABILITY

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BRAND
RHRG75120	TO-247	RHRG75120

NOTE: When ordering, use the entire part number.

Package



Symbol



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_C = +25^\circ\text{C}$

	RHRG75120	UNITS
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage..... V_{RRM}	1200	V
Working Peak Reverse Voltage..... V_{RWM}	1200	V
DC Blocking Voltage..... V_R	1200	V
Average Rectified Forward Current..... $I_{F(AV)}$	75	A
($T_C = +41.3^\circ\text{C}$)		
Repetitive Peak Surge Current..... I_{FSM}	150	A
(Square Wave, 20kHz)		
Nonrepetitive Peak Surge Current..... I_{FSM}	500	A
(Halfwave, 1 Phase, 60Hz)		
Maximum Power Dissipation..... P_D	190	W
Avalanche Energy..... E_{AVL}	50	mj
($L = 40\text{mH}$)		
Operating and Storage Temperature..... T_{STG}, T_J	-65 to +175	°C

Specifications RHRG75120

Electrical Specifications $T_C = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, Unless Otherwise Specified

SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	LIMITS			UNITS
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_F	$I_F = 75\text{A}$	-	-	3.2	V
V_F	$I_F = 75\text{A}$ $T_C = +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	2.6	V
I_R	$V_R = 1200\text{V}$	-	-	500	μA
I_R	$V_R = 1200\text{V}$ $T_C = +150^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	-	2	mA
t_{RR}	$I_F = 1\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	85	ns
t_{RR}	$I_F = 75\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	100	ns
t_A	$I_F = 75\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	60	-	ns
t_B	$I_F = 75\text{A}$, $dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	25	-	ns
$R_{\theta JC}$		-	-	0.8	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

DEFINITIONS

V_F = Instantaneous forward voltage (pw = 300 μs , D = 2%).

I_R = Instantaneous reverse current.

t_{RR} = Reverse recovery time (See Figure 2), summation of $t_A + t_B$.

t_A = Time to reach peak reverse current (See Figure 2).

t_B = Time from peak I_{RM} to projected zero crossing of I_{RM} based on a straight line from peak I_{RM} through 25% of I_{RM} (See Figure 2).

$R_{\theta JC}$ = Thermal resistance junction to case.

E_{AVL} = Controlled avalanche energy (See Figures 7 and 8).

pw = pulse width.

D = duty cycle.

V_1 AMPLITUDE CONTROLS I_F
 V_2 AMPLITUDE CONTROLS dI_F/dt
 L_1 = SELF INDUCTANCE OF
 $R_4 + L_{\text{LOOP}}$

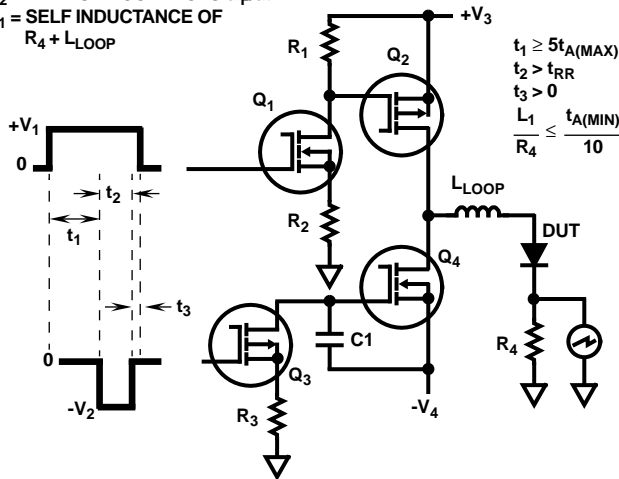


FIGURE 1. t_{RR} TEST CIRCUIT

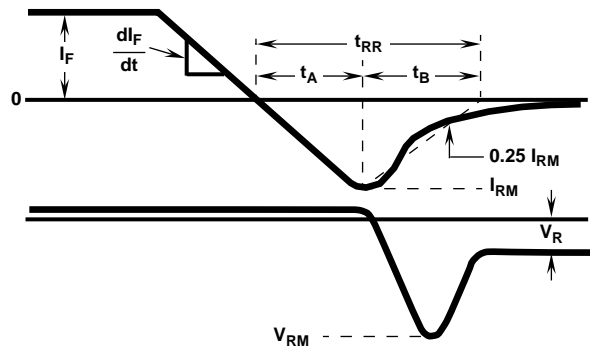


FIGURE 2. t_{RR} WAVEFORMS AND DEFINITIONS

Typical Performance Curves

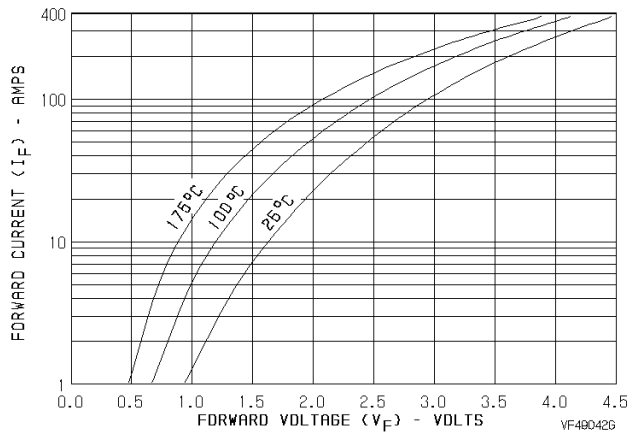


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL FORWARD CURRENT vs FORWARD VOLTAGE DROP

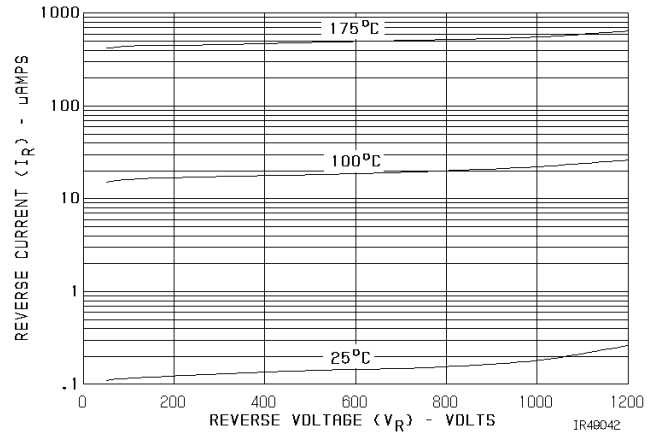


FIGURE 4. TYPICAL REVERSE CURRENT vs VOLTAGE

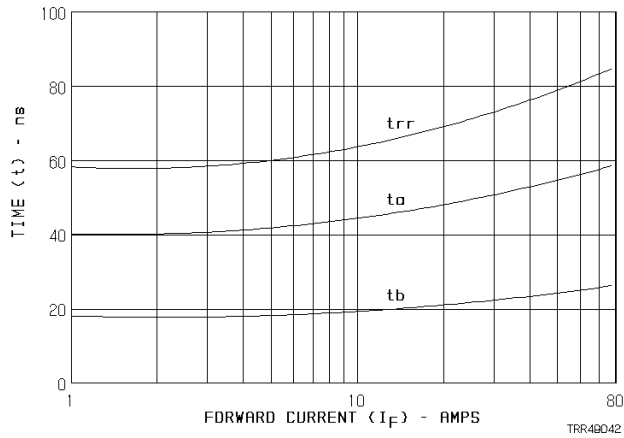


FIGURE 5. TYPICAL t_{RR} , t_A AND t_B CURVES vs FORWARD CURRENT

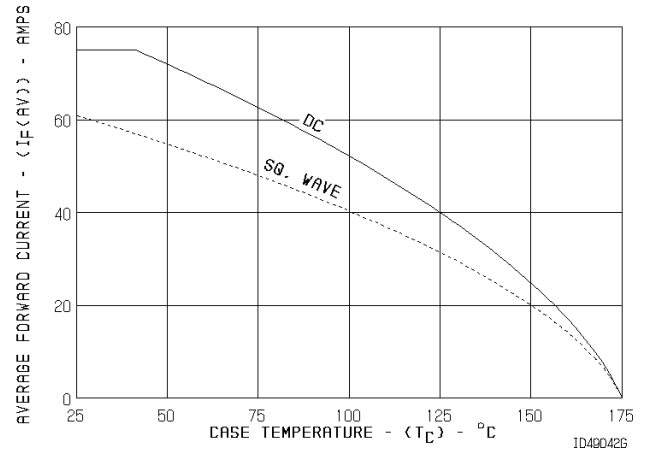


FIGURE 6. CURRENT DERATING CURVE FOR ALL TYPES

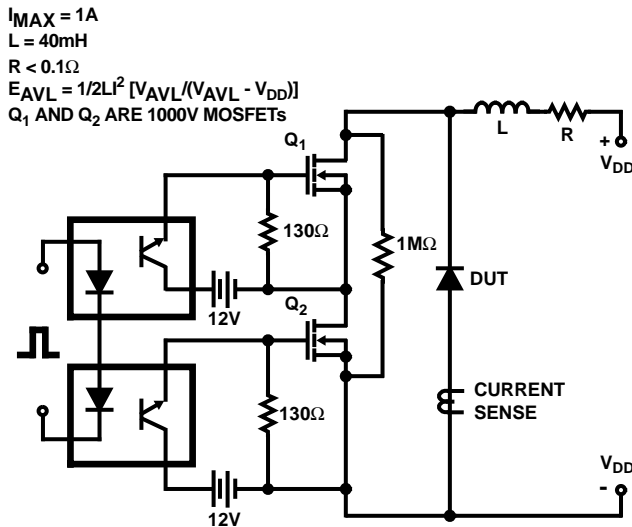


FIGURE 7. AVALANCHE ENERGY TEST CIRCUIT

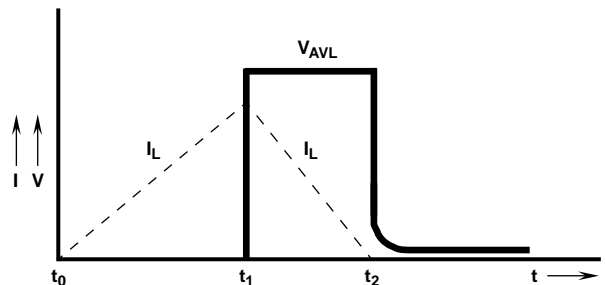


FIGURE 8. AVALANCHE CURRENT AND VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS